

Aufgabe 2

$$a) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n^s \cdot e^{-n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} e^{\ln(n^s)} \cdot e^{-n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} e^{s \cdot \ln(n) - n} = 0$$

$$b_{n+1} = s \cdot \ln(n) - n$$

$$b_{n+1} = s \cdot \ln(n+1) - n - 1$$

$$b_{n+1} - b_n = s \cdot \ln(n+1) - n - 1 - s \cdot \ln(n) + n = s(\ln(n+1) - \ln(n)) - 1$$

$$|b_{n+1} - b_n| = s(\ln(\frac{n+1}{n})) - 1 \rightarrow 0 \text{ für } n \rightarrow \infty, n \neq 0 \Rightarrow \text{keine Nullfolge}$$

$$\frac{|\ln(n)|}{n} < \frac{1}{e}$$

$$a_n x^n + a_{n-1} x^{n-1} + \dots + a_1 x + a_0$$

Fundamental

$$b) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln(n+a)}{\ln(n)} = \frac{\ln(n \cdot (1 + \frac{a}{n}))}{\ln(n)} = \frac{\ln(n) + \ln(1 + \frac{a}{n})}{\ln(n)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 1 + \frac{\ln(1 + \frac{a}{n})}{\ln(n)} = 1 + \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln(1 + \frac{a}{n})}{\ln(n)} = 1 + \frac{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \ln(1 + \frac{a}{n})}{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \ln(n)}$$

$\uparrow$
 $\ln$ ist stetig
 $= 1 + \frac{\ln(1)}{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \ln(n)} = 1 - 1$

$$\forall z \in \mathbb{C} \quad \exp(z) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{z}{n}\right)^n$$

$$a_n = \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{z^k}{k!} - \left(1 + \frac{z}{n}\right)^n = \dots = \sum_{k=0}^n \left(1 - \frac{n!}{(n-k)! \cdot n^k}\right) \cdot \frac{z^k}{k!}$$

$$1 - \prod_{m=1}^k \frac{n-m+1}{n} = 1 - \prod_{m=0}^{k-1} \left(1 - \frac{m}{n}\right) \leq \frac{k \cdot (k-1)}{2n}$$

$$\prod_{m=0}^{k-1} \left(1 - \frac{m}{n}\right) \leq \sum_{m=0}^{k-1} \frac{m}{n} = \frac{k \cdot (k-1)}{2n}$$

$$|a_n| \leq \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{k \cdot (k-1)}{2n} \frac{|z|^k}{k!} = \sum_{k=2}^n \frac{k \cdot (k-1)}{2n} \frac{|z|^k}{k!} = \sum_{k=2}^n \frac{|z|^2}{2n} \frac{|z|^{k-2}}{(k-2)!}$$

$$\leq \frac{|z|^2}{2n} \cdot \exp(|z|) \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} 0$$

Aufgabe 3

$$\forall z \in \mathbb{R} \quad \exp(z) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{z}{n}\right)^n$$

" $\Leftarrow$ "

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{z}{n}\right)^n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} \left(\frac{z}{n}\right)^k\right) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sum_{k=0}^n \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!} \left(\frac{z}{n}\right)^k\right) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sum_{k=0}^n \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!} \left(\frac{z}{n}\right)^k\right)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(n-k+1) \cdots n}{k!} \cdot \frac{z^k}{n^k}\right) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(n-k+1)}{n} \cdots \frac{n}{n} \cdot \frac{z^k}{k!}\right) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(n-k+1)}{n} \cdot \frac{z^k}{k!}\right)$$

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n-k+1)}{n} = 1$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{(n-k+1)}{n} \cdots \frac{n}{n} \cdot \frac{z^k}{k!}\right) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^k}{k!} = \exp(z)$$

$S_n \rightarrow e$

" $\Rightarrow$ "

$$\left(1 + \frac{z}{n}\right)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} \frac{z^k}{n^k} = \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(n-k+1)}{n} \cdots \frac{n}{n} \cdot \frac{z^k}{k!} \leq \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{z^k}{k!}$$

$$\exp z = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{z}{n}\right)^n$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=0}^m \frac{z^k}{k!}\right) = e^z$$